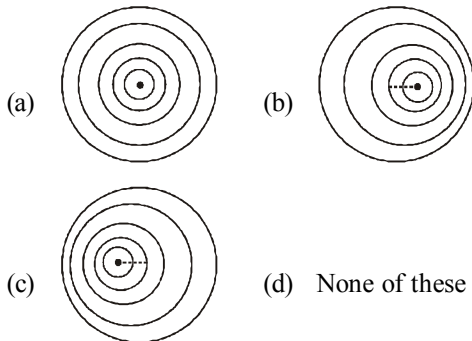
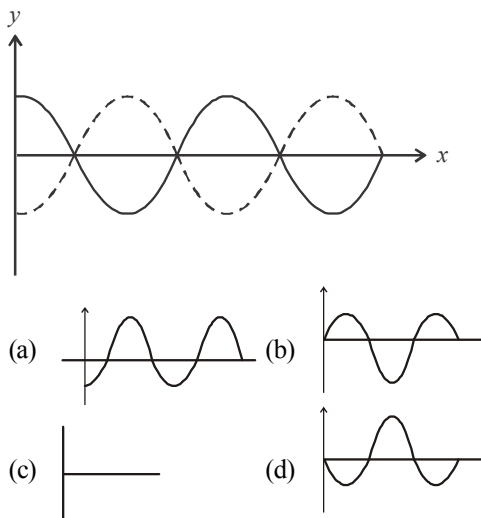


### Diagram Based Questions :

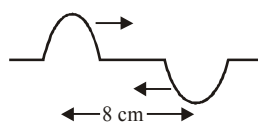
1. If the source is moving towards right, wave front of sound waves get modified to



2. For the graph given, the resultant wave will be

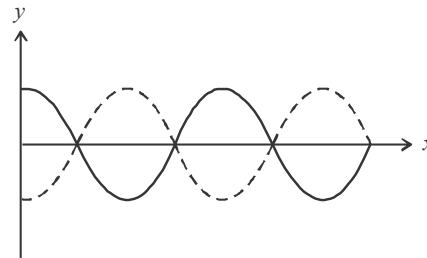


3. Two pulses in a stretched string whose centres are initially 8 cm apart are moving towards each other as shown in the figure. The speed of each pulse is 2 cm/s. After 2 s, the total energy of the pulses will be



- (a) Zero  
 (b) Purely kinetic  
 (c) Purely potential  
 (d) Partly kinetic and partly potential

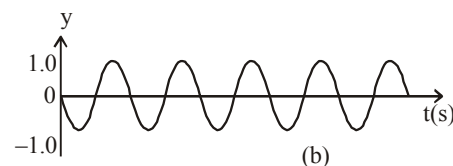
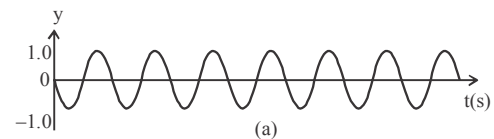
4. For the graph given below for superposition of two waves, which of the following holds true?



- (a) Phase difference,  $\phi = 0$   
 (b) Phase difference,  $\phi = \frac{\pi}{2}$   
 (c) Phase difference,  $\phi = \pi$   
 (d) Phase difference,  $\phi = 2\pi$
5. The fifth harmonic for vibrations of a stretched string is shown in figure. How many nodes are present here?



- (a) 4  
 (b) 6  
 (c) 5  
 (d) 10
6. What will be the frequency of beats formed from the superposition of two harmonic waves shown below?



- (a) 20 Hz  
 (b) 11 Hz  
 (c) 9 Hz  
 (d) 2 Hz

# Solution

1. (b) For a moving source,  $\lambda' < \lambda$  (normal wavelength).
2. (c) As two waves meet a point with opposite phase hence desctructive interference i.e., minimum sound at that point.
3. (b) After 2 s, the each wave travels a distance =  $2 \times 2 = 4$  m.

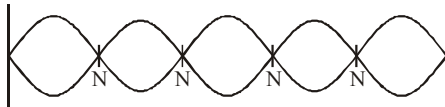
The wave shape is shown in figure.

Thus energy is purely kinetic.

4. (c) When the waves meet a point with opposite phase, destructive interference is obtained at that point. In this case phase difference,

$$\phi = 180^\circ \text{ or } (2n - 1)\pi \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

5. (a)



Total no. of nodes = 4

6. (d) Figure(a) represents a harmonic wave of frequency 7.0 Hz, figure (b) represents a harmonic wave of frequency 5.0 Hz. Therefore beat frequency

$$\nu_s = 7 - 5 = 2.0 \text{ Hz.}$$